

	Smoo	thed S	unspot	Numbe	rs (obs	erved a	<u>nd Pre</u>	dicted)	for Par	ts of So	olar Cyc	<u>cles 22</u>	and 23
Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Avg
1993	71	69	67	64	60	56	55	52	48	45	41	38	56
1994	37	35	34	34	33	31	29	27	27	27	26	26	31
1995	24	23	22	21	19	18	17	15	13	12	11	11	17
1996	10	10	10	9	8*	9	8	8	8	9**	10	10	8
1997	11	11	14	17	18	20	23	25	28	32	35	39	23
1998	44	49	53	57	59	63	65	68	69	71	73	78	62
1999	83	85	84	85	90	93	94	98	102	108	111	111	95
2000	113	117	120	121	119	119	119	119	119	118	117	116	118
							(6)	(12)	(16)	(19)	(23)	(26)	(9)
2001	116	116	115	115	114	114	113	111	111	109	108	107	112
	(27)	(29)	(30)	(33)	(36)	(35)	(33)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(33)	(32)	(32)
	Solar Cy	cle 22	Solar Cycle 23					Min, Max, and Predictions					

Observed and Predicted Numbers. For the end of Cycle 22, and the rise and decline of Cycle 23, the table above lists observed smoothed sunspot numbers up to the one that includes the most recent monthly mean. We based these smoothed values on final monthly means through Jun 2000 and on provisional numbers thereafter. Table entries with numbers in parentheses below them denote predictions by the McNish-Lincoln method. (See page 9 in the Jul 1987 supplement to *Solar-Geophysical Data*.) Adding the number in parentheses to the predicted value generates the upper limit of the 90% confidence interval. Subtracting the number from the predicted value generates the lower limit. Consider, for example, the June 2001 prediction. There exists a 90% chance that in June 2001, the actual smoothed number will fall somewhere between 79 and 149.

<u>Points to Ponder.</u> The McNish-Lincoln prediction method generates useful estimates of smoothed, monthly mean sunspot numbers for no more than 12 months ahead. Beyond 12 months, the predictions regress toward the mean of all 15 cycles of observations used in the computation. Moreover, the method remains very sensitive to the date defining the onset of the current cycle, that is, to the date of the most recent sunspot minimum. The new cycle predictions tabulated above are based on the consensus minimum value of 8.8 that occurred in October 1996.

Note: Please visit http://www.sec.noaa.gov for solar minimum and Cycle 23 discussions.